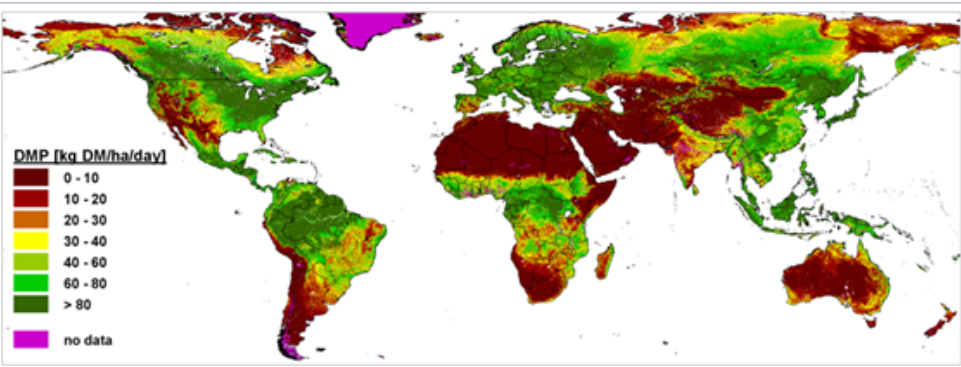


# Biomass Production Estimation

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Vegetation Dry Matter Productivity (DMP) expressed in kg DM/ha/day (Source: VITO)

## Category

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Product Development	<input type="checkbox"/> Product Sales	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Underwriting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Loss Adjustment	<input type="checkbox"/> Claims Handling
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## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Monitoring biomass with Earth observation data is done with two different approaches: estimating the amount of actual standing biomass or providing indicators on biomass production. In this product sheet we focus on the second as it is the most matured, operationally available and most relevant for agro-insurance applications. Biomass production is defined here as the increase in biomass, dry matter or carbon over time over a certain area. It is typically expressed as gram carbon per square meter per day (g C/m<sup>2</sup>/day) or kilogram dry matter per hectare per day (kg DM/ha/day) for agronomic purposes. When aggregated over time, these products give an indication of the seasonal increase in biomass, which could be related to pasture availability, crop yields or increase in timber in forestry.

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

### Main processing steps

The products derived from satellites are generated by modelling primary production of plants by combining vegetation indices with meteorological information such as incoming radiation, temperature. Operational examples are the MODIS Gross Primary Production (GPP)/Net Primary Production (NPP) product and the Copernicus Global Land Service Dry Matter Production (DMP), focused on agriculture monitoring. These operational products are based on medium resolution satellite imagery and provide >10 years of information at 250m-1km resolution. Using Sentinel-2, biomass production indicators could be derived at 10m resolution at +/- 5-10 days timestep.

### Input data sources

Optical: Operational services available on Proba-V, Sentinel-3 and MODIS. Case studies on Sentinel-2

Radar: n.a.

Supporting data: meteorological data (temperature, incoming radiation, vapor pressure)

### Spatial resolution and coverage

Spatial resolution: 10m – 1 km

Coverage: global

Availability: Global medium resolution products at weekly to 10-day timestep are operationally available

### Accuracy / constraints

Thematic accuracy: indication for biomass production

Spatial accuracy: depends on input optical data and meteorological data grid resolution

### Limitations

Gross Primary Production (GPP) data is often well calibrated and validated with in-situ measurements. GPP however only represents the potential biomass uptake and is not directly related to the availability of natural resources.

Net Primary Production (NPP) or Aboveground biomass production (ABP) can be related more directly with crop yields, accumulation in forest biomass or pasture availability. Limited in-situ data is however available to develop these products hence a quality assessment is advised for the use of these products at local scale.

## Frequency / timeliness

Frequency: 10 days

Timeliness: <3 days after retrieval

## Delivery / output format

Data type: Integer

File format: NetCDF

## Accessibility

Operational products over Europe are available at medium resolution grids (250m – 1km). Copernicus Global Land Service Dry Matter Production (DMP) & MODIS Gross Primary Production (GPP)/Net Primary Production (NPP)

Dedicated products on high resolution (e.g. Sentinel-2) could be developed by service providers.

## CHALLENGES ADDRESSED - USE CASE(S)

Product Development:

- [Market analysis](#)
- [Elaboration of crop profile](#): Field crops, vegetables, horticulture, greenhouses
- [Elaboration of livestock profile](#): Cows, sheep, pigs, poultry
- [Information on forest health and production at different temporal scales](#) (real-time monitoring historical development)
- [Identification of specific stresses and vegetation problems and their underlying causes](#)
- Crop growth status during the pre-winter vegetation season of winter crops
- Study relations between climatological events and crop production proxies at large scale

Underwriting:

- [Seasonal portfolio mapping](#)
- [Risk / crop zoning](#)

Loss Adjustment:

- [Risk mapping against crop's vegetation stages](#)
- [Pasture biomass data](#)