P09: Building inventory	
Maturity score	
Mean: 2.6	<b>STD:</b> 0.64

# **Constraints and limitations**

- Cloud presence
- Urban areas across the world can have different building styles, densities, and layouts, which can make creating universally applicable methods challenging.
- Tall buildings or structures can cast shadows making it challenging to accurately identify their characteristics, and occlusion might hinder the detection of buildings behind vegetation or other structures.

#### **Relevant user needs**

UN47: Need up-to-date geospatial data on residential and industrial infrastructures locations

#### R&D gaps

- Cost of VHR satellite imagery which is essential for the product.
- Generality of the models used in one region to another.
- Using satellite imagery for building inventory might raise legal and privacy concerns, especially when dealing with sensitive areas or personal property.

# **Potential improvements drivers**

- Provide more training data for different regions of the world with different building characteristics.
- Price models for commercial EO data.

# Utilisation level review Utilisation score Mean: 2.14 STD: 0.64

## No utilisation:

- Unavailability of freely available sources of the EO product.
- Not aware of any product from which this could be extracted directly.

#### Low utilisation

- Higher cost of using the commercial EO product.
- The current method (manually counting for a sample area and multiplying up to estimate the whole area) is considered good enough in terms of accuracy, reliability, and price.
- Ground truth data is not sufficient for counting individual trees.

# **Medium utilisation**

The product already satisfies the technical and usability requirements.

# **High utilisation**

## Critical gaps related to relevant user needs

# **Utilisation** gap

UN47: Need up-to-date geospatial data on residential and industrial infrastructures locations.