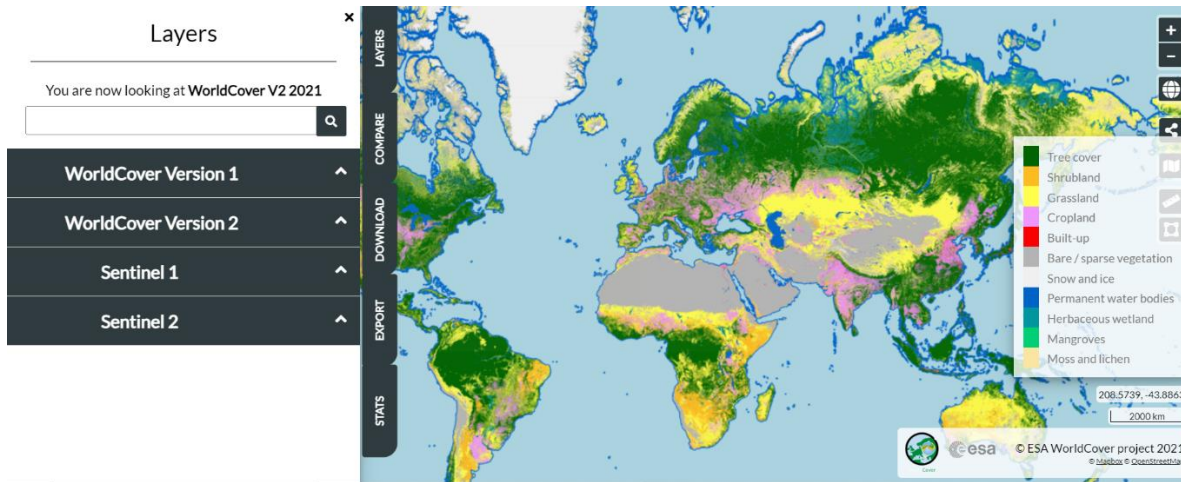


## Land Cover Maps



ESA Worldcover V2 global map for 2021 (Source: ESA)

### Product Category

- Land Use       Natural Disaster       Coast Management       Earth's Surface Motion  
 Land Cover       Climate Change       Marine

### Financial Domain(s)

- Investment management     Risk analysis     Insurance management     Green finance

### User requirements

- UN11: Realistic assessment of accessibility to assets.  
 UN27: Need to assess historical trends and baseline of natural assets.  
 UN38: Need for trustworthy time series of reliable data on assets.  
 UN39: Need to assess the potential impact of business activities or investments on ecosystems and biodiversity.  
 UN40: Need to monitor the risk of sea level rise threatening coastal property, infrastructure, and supply chains.  
 UN43: Need to monitor changing precipitation patterns and flood risk in the vicinity of vulnerable assets.

### Description

Land cover maps are geographical representations that depict the various types of surfaces and features present on the Earth's surface, categorizing them into different categories based on the physical and biological characteristics of the terrain. Common land cover classes include forests, agricultural land, urban areas, water bodies, wetlands, barren land, and more. These maps are typically represented through colour-coded legends or thematic symbols that make it easy to visualize and interpret the distribution of land cover across a specific geographic area.

**Land cover change maps:** From time series land cover maps, it is possible to provide land cover maps which are important for many applications.

### Spatial coverage target

Asset Level

### Data throughput

- Rapid tasking       High     Low  
 Data availability     High     Low



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Product specifications	
<b>Main processing steps</b>	There are many freely available land cover maps with different spatial resolutions, temporal coverages, and number of land cover classes. The highest freely available spatial resolution of land cover is 10 m and is provided by ESA. However, for some applications there might be a need to generate land cover maps at very high resolution, these maps can be generated by supervised machine learning algorithms. These models should be trained using ground truth land cover data.
<b>Input data sources</b>	Optical: Sentinel2, VHR imagery based on the availability like Pleiades 1A/1B & NEO, WorldView2&3, and SPOT6/7. Radar: Sentinel-1, VHR images from different sources like ICEYE, Capella space, Umbra, and TerraSAR-X. Supporting data: ground truth land cover data.
<b>Accessibility</b>	Sentinel-1&2: freely and publicly available from ESA. VHR imagery: commercially available on demand from EO service providers.
<b>Spatial resolution</b>	Sentinel-2: 10 m Optical VHR: $\leq 1$ m Sentinel-1: 20 m SAR VHR: $\leq 3$ m
<b>Frequency (Temporal resolution)</b>	Sentinel-1&2: 6 days Optical and SAR VHR: Daily
<b>Latency</b>	< 1 Day
<b>Geographical scale coverage</b>	Globally
<b>Delivery/ output format</b>	Data type: Raster File format: GeoTIFF
<b>Accuracies</b>	Thematic accuracy: 80-90% Spatial accuracy: 1.5-2 pixels of input data
<b>Constraints and limitations</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Lack of ground truth data</li> <li>■ Cloud presence</li> <li>■ Limited spectral resolution for some optical VHR imagery.</li> <li>■ Seasonal variability</li> <li>■ Topographic effects</li> <li>■ In some cases, pixels may represent a mix of multiple land cover classes</li> </ul>
<b>Level of skills required by users to use the EO service</b>	Skills: Essential Knowledge: Essential
<b>Similar Products</b>	<p>Name of the Product:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ESA WorldCover (<a href="#">link</a>)</li> <li>■ Copernicus Land cover classification gridded maps from 1992 to present (<a href="#">link</a>)</li> <li>■ Corine Land Cover (CLC) (<a href="#">link</a>)</li> </ul> <p>Spatial resolution:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ESA WorldCover: 10 m</li> <li>■ Copernicus Land cover classification gridded maps from 1992 to present: 300 m</li> <li>■ Corine Land Cover (CLC): 100 m</li> </ul> <p>Frequency (Temporal resolution): Annual</p> <p>Temporal coverage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ESA WorldCover: 2020, and 2021</li> <li>■ Copernicus Land cover classification gridded maps from 1992 to present: 1992 to present.</li> <li>■ Corine Land Cover (CLC): 1990, 2000, 2006, 2012, and 2018</li> </ul> <p>Geographical scale coverage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ESA WorldCover: Globally</li> <li>■ Copernicus Land cover classification gridded maps from 1992 to present: Globally.</li> <li>■ Corine Land Cover (CLC): Europe</li> </ul> <p>Delivery / output format: GeoTIFF (Raster), Shape files (Vector)</p>



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**Product specifications**

Accessibility: Freely and publicly available from ESA