## Hatfield-1204: Assess forest characteristics to plan access and assess hazards

Assess forest characteristics to plan access and assess hazards

## Challenge

Data currently used:

Challenge ID:	HCP-1204		Originator:	Onshore: Hatfield			
Title:	Assess forest characteristics to plan access and assess hazards.						
Theme:	ON 1.2: Seismic Planning - Identification of adverse terrain for trafficability						
Consortium Lead:	RPS Group		Interviewed Company:	RPS Group			
Geography:	ON.REG.00 - Generic onshore						
Challenge Description							
What is not possible / not adequately addressed at present?							
Knowing access limitations and potential ground conditions is an important factor in planning effective seismic operations. Efficiently moving both equipment and people around is critical to completing a project in good speed. In addition, from a safety perspective, being able to map emergency response times and how (and what type of transport/vehicle) to get from a particular point to any point within the working area may prove critical in a safety of life situation.							
What effect doe	What effect does this challenge have on operations?						
Forest type, tree heights, and thickness of ground cover affect the planning of a seismic survey. Vegetation clearance demands time and increases health and safety exposure. Forest roads/trails can be impassable in different seasons and be in poor condition.							
Thematic inform			errain information				
requirements:		Land cover					
_		Topographic information					
What do you cu	•		•				
	How is this challenge conventionally addressed?						
Field scouting and reconnaissance is usually required. LiDAR where convenient and satellite imagery is also used.							
What kind of solutions do you envisage could address this challenge?							
Bare earth digital terrain models equivalent to LiDAR. High-resolution images that can identify tracks, roads and water courses would be useful. Temporal datasets would also be useful to assess seasonal variations and create a pre-survey baseline.							
What is your view on the capability of technology to meet this need?							
Are you currently using EO tech? If not, why not?							
Identifying suitable access through forested areas is difficult from satellite imagery alone. LiDAR reflectance values and wave form analysis can observe canopy and ground height.							
Challenge Classification							

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Impact on Lifecycle (0 4=high):	)=none,	Climate / Topography / Urgency:					
Pre-license:	2	Climate class:	Generic climate				
Exploration:	4	Topographic class:	Forest / woodland				
Development:	2	Seasonal variations:	Any season				
Production:	2	Impact area:	Health and Safety, Cost reduction				
Decommissioning:	1	Technology urgency:	2 - Short term (2-5 years)				
Challenge Information Requirements							
Update frequency:	Snapshot						

LiDAR, high resolution imagery

Spatial resolution:	License		
Thematic accuracy:	Not specific		
Required formats:	Not Specific		
Timeliness (Vintage):	Within six months		
Geographic extents:	Basin		
Existing standards:	None		

## Relevant products

## Content by label

There is no content with the specified labels